

asunder: (Lth, TA:) or, ready to cleave open, (S, K,) when it has come up: (S:) or, when it has shoots. (L.) — And **فَرُخٌ** signifies † *The fore part of the brain*; (K, TA;) thus called by way of comparison [to the young one of a bird], in like manner as it is called **العَصْفُورُ**; (TA;) or the **عصفور** is beneath the **فَرُخُ**: (TA in art. **عصفور**;) the pl. is **فِرَاخٌ**: and **فَرُخٌ** signifies [also, particularly,] *the fore part of the brain of the horse*. (TA in the present art.) In the saying of El-Farezdaq,

• وَيَوْمَ جَعَلْنَا الْبَيْضَ فِيهِ لِعَامِرٍ •
• مُصَمِّمَةً تَفَاى فِرَاخَ الْجَمَاجِمِ •

he means [And a day in which we made the swords, penetrating into that which they smote, cleave] the brains [lit. brain (**الدِّمَاغُ**) of the tribe of 'Amir]. (S, TA.)

فَرُخٌ, like **كَتِفٌ**, † A man whose grounds of pretension to respect, or honour, are suspected. (TA.)

فَرُخَةٌ fem. of **فَرُخٌ** [q. v.]. (S, A.) — Also † A broad **سِنَانٌ** [or spear-head]. (K.) — **فَرُخَةٌ** **الدَّيْمِ**: see **ذَرَاخٌ**.

فُلَانٌ فَرُخٌ a dim. [of **فَرُخٌ**]: hence the saying, **فُلَانٌ فَرُخٌ قُرَيْشِيٌّ** † [Such a one is the honoured and cherished of Kureysh]: **فَرُخٌ** being here a dim. (S, K) denoting magnification (K) [i. e.] denoting commendation: (S:) and **فُلَانٌ فَرُخٌ قَوْمِهِ** † *Such a one is the honoured [and cherished] of his people*; like a little young bird in the house of a people who rear it and treat it with kindness. (A.)

فَرُخِيَّةٌ [or, probably, **فَرُخِيَّةٌ**, agreeably with analogy,] an epithet applied to **نِصَالٌ** [meaning "arrow-heads," &c., but app. a mistranscription for **نِبالٌ** i. e. "arrows"], which were so called in relation to **الفَرُخِيُّ**, a certain blacksmith in the Time of Ignorance: (TA:) or **الفَرُخِيُّ** was a man who used, in the Time of Ignorance, to pare, or shape, arrows: (S:) mentioned by a poet in the saying,

• وَمَقْدُودَيْنِ مِنْ بَرِي الْفَرُخِيِّ •

[And two feathered arrows of the paring, or shaping, of El-Fureykh]. (S, TA.) [Freytag mentions **فَرُخِيٌّ**, as applied to an arrow, meaning "ad virum **فَرُخِيٌّ** appellatum referendus:" but he names no authority: and it has been shown above that the name of the man is without teshdeed; and so, therefore, is its rel. n.]

فَرُوحٌ Ears of wheat of which the final condition has become apparent, and of which the grain has become organized and compact: occurring in a trad., in which the selling of such for measured wheat is forbidden. (IAth, TA.)

مَفَارِخٌ: see **مَفَارِخٌ**.

مُفْرِخٌ A hen-bird having [or producing by

hatching] a young one [or young ones (see 2)]; (L, K;) as also **مُفْرِخٌ**. (L.)

مَفَارِخٌ: see **مَفَارِخٌ**.

مُفْرِخٌ: see **مُفْرِخٌ**.

مَفَارِخٌ, a pl. of which the sing. is not mentioned, (TA,) Places where birds have [or produce by hatching] young ones. (K.) [Such a place may be called, accord. to analogy, **مُفْرِخٌ** (which may be the sing. of **مَفَارِخٌ**) and **مُفْرِخٌ**.]

فرد

1. **فَرَدٌ**, aor. ُ, [inf. n. **فَرُودٌ**], *He, or it, was, or became, single; sole; or one, and no more*. (Mṣb.) — See also 7, (with which two other forms of the unaugmented verb, namely, **فَرَدٌ** and **فَرَدٌ**, are also mentioned,) in four places.

2. **فَرَدٌ**, inf. n. **تَفَرَّدٌ**, *He applied himself to the study of practical religion, or the law, and withdrew from [the rest of] mankind, and attended only to the observance of the commands and prohibitions [of religion]*. (IAṣr, T, L, K.) [See also the part. n., below.]

4. **أَفْرَدَتْ** as intrans.: see 7. — **أَفْرَدَتْ** She (a female, S, L, a pregnant female, A, or a woman, K) brought forth one only: (S, A, L, K:) opposed to **أَتَأَمَّتْ**: (A:) not said of a she-camel, because she never brings forth more than one. (S, L, K.) — **أَفْرَدَهُ** *He made him, or it, to be single; sole; or one, and no more*. (Lth, T, M, * L, Mṣb. *) — And *He put, or set, him, or it, apart, aside, or away; he separated him, or it*. (S, K.) You say, **أَفْرَدَهُ مِنْهُ** [He separated him from him, and rendered him solitary; or he left him solitary]. (A and Mgh in art. **وتر**.) [See an ex. in a verse cited voce **عَادِبٌ**]. — [Hence,] **أَفْرَدَ فُلَانًا بَشِيًّا** *He made such a one to have a thing to himself alone, with none to share, or participate, with him in it*. (A in art. **فروز**.) — And **أَفْرَدَ الْحَجَّ عَنِ الْعُمْرَةِ** *He performed the rites and ceremonies of the pilgrimage separately from those of the **عُمْرَةُ*** [q. v.]. (Mṣb.) — And **أَفْرَدَ إِلَيْهِ رَسُولًا** (S, K) *He sent [away] a messenger to him*. (K.)

5: see the next paragraph, in two places.

7. **أَفْرَدٌ** and **فَرَدٌ** signify the same: (S:) the latter, aor. ُ, [inf. n. **فَرُودٌ**], is expl. by Lth as signifying *He was, or became, alone, by himself, apart from others, or solitary*: (T, L:) and thus **أَفْرَدَ بِنَفْسِهِ** signifies. (Mṣb.) And **أَفْرَدَ عَنْهُ** *He, or it, was, or became, apart, or separate, from him, or it, and alone*. (L.) And **أَفْرَدَ بَفُلَانٍ** and **أَفْرَدَهُ** are syn. [as meaning *He was, or became, alone with such a one*]. (M, A, K.) And **أَفْرَدَهُ** **بِالْأَمْرِ**, (AZ, T, M, L, K,) and **بِكَذِّ**, (S,) and **بِوَأَيْهِ**; (L;) and **فَرَدَهُ**, (AZ, T, M, L, K,) aor. ُ, (AZ, T, M, L,) inf. n. **فَرُودٌ**; (AZ, L;) and **فَرَدٌ**, and **فَرَدٌ**, (M, L, K,) mentioned by Lh; (M, L;)

and **أَفْرَدٌ**, (L, K,) and **تَفَرَّدٌ**, and **أَفْرَدٌ**; (S, M, L, K;) signify alike; (AZ, T, S, M, L, K;) i. e. *He was, or became, alone; independent of others; without any to share, or participate, with him; in the affair, and in such a thing, and in his opinion*: (the lexicons passim: [see **أَسْتَبَدَّ**:]]) and [in like manner] **بِالْأَمْرِ** [he was without any to share, or participate, with him in the property]. (Mṣb.) — **لَأَقَاتِلَنَّهُمْ حَتَّى تَفْرُدَ سَالِفَتِي** occurring in a trad., means † *I will assuredly fight with them until I die; lit., until the side of my neck shall become separate from my body; because its separation can be only by death*. (L.)

10. **أَفْرَدَهُ** as intrans.: see 7. — **أَفْرَدَهُ**: see 7. — Also *He found him alone, having no second person with him*. (A.) [Hence, one says,] **أَسْتَفَرَّدَ لِهِمْ فَلَمَّا اسْتَفَرَّدَ مِنْهُمْ رَجُلًا كَرَّ عَلَيْهِ فَجَدَلَهُ** [*He fled, or wheeled about widely, from them, to turn again, by way of stratagem; and when he found a man of them alone, he returned against him, and threw him down upon the ground*]. (A, L.)

And **أَفْرَدَ الدَّرَّةَ** *He (the diver) found the pearl alone, having no other with it*. (A.) — And *He took it alone; by itself; without any other, or any like it*. (T, L.) *He took it forth from among the things that were with it*. (M, K.)

فَرْدٌ Single; sole; only; one, and no more; syn. **وَاحِدٌ**; (S, A, L, Mṣb;) i. e. **وَاحِدٌ**: (Mṣb:) [and, used as a subst., a single, or an individual, person or thing:] fem. **فَرْدَةٌ** and **فَرْدِيٌّ** [which latter is anomalous, as though fem. of **فَرْدَانٌ**]: (Mṣb:) pl. **أَفْرَادٌ** and **فَرَادِيٌّ** which latter is anomalous, as though pl. of **فَرْدَانٌ** (S, L, Mṣb) and of **فَرْدِيٌّ**, like as **سَكَارِيٌّ** is pl. of **سَكَرَانٌ** and of **سَكَرِيٌّ**. (Mṣb. See also **فَرَادٌ**, below.) You say, **عَدَدْتُ الدَّرَاهِمَ أَفْرَادًا** *I counted the dirhems one by one*. (T, A.) — And *Such as has no equal, or like*: (Lth, M, L, K:) pl. **أَفْرَادٌ** (M, K) and **فَرَادِيٌّ** [respecting which latter see above]. (K.) **أَفْرَدٌ** as an epithet applied to God means *The Single; the Sole; the One*; (T;) *He who has no equal, or like; the Unequaled*: (Lth, T, L:) but Az says, I have not found it so applied in the Sunneh; and no epithet should be applied to God except such as He has applied to Himself, or such as the Prophet has applied to Him. (L.) And one says **فَرْدٌ**, **فَرْدٌ**, (S, K) and **فَرْدٌ**, (T, L, K,) and **فَرْدٌ**, (L, K,) and **فَرْدٌ**, (K,) and **فَرْدٌ**, (T, K,) and **فَرْدٌ** and **فَرْدٌ**, (K, but the third and fifth not in the text of the K as given in the TA,) *A sword having diversified wavy marks, streaks, or grain*; (K, [in the TA **وَفَرْدٌ**, as though one said also **سَيْفٌ فَرْدٌ**, which is evidently a mistake,]) *unequaled* (T, L, K) *in excellence*. (T, L.) — And *The half [meaning one] of a pair or couple*. (M, L, K.) — And *Such as is alone, by himself or by itself, or apart from others; unconnected with, or unattended by, others; solitary, or separate*; syn. **مُتَّحِدٌ**, (M, L, K,) or **وَحْدَهُ**; (Lth, L;) *unmixed with others*; [in which sense it is] a word of more common application than