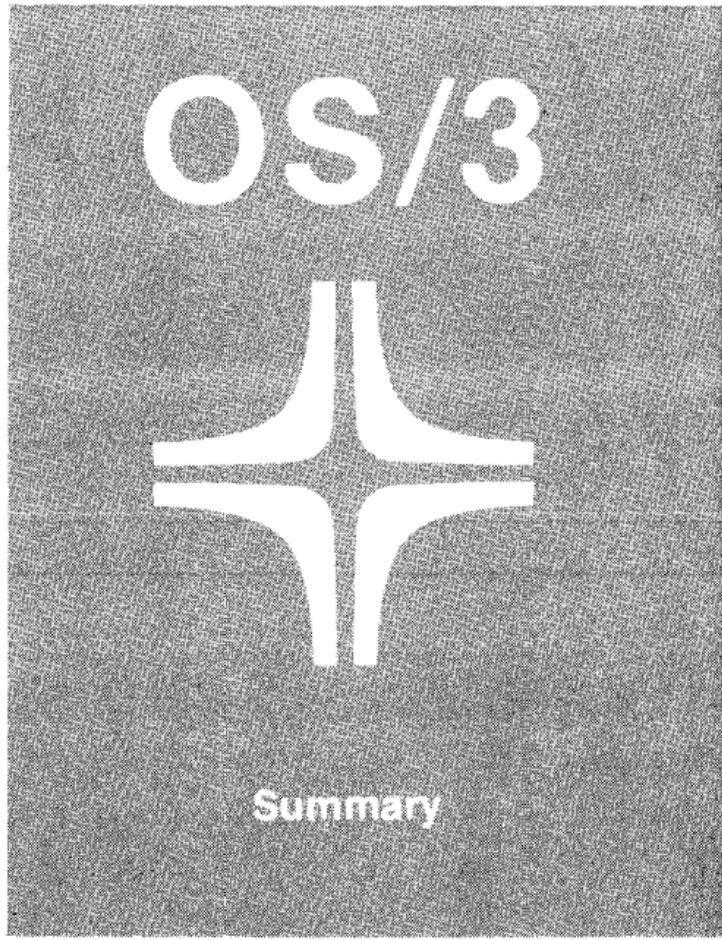


Extended COBOL



Environment: 90/25, 30, 30B, 40 Systems

RELEASE LEVEL: 7.0 Forward

This document contains the latest information available at the time of preparation. Therefore, it may contain descriptions of functions not implemented at manual distribution time. To ensure that you have the latest information regarding levels of implementation and functional availability, please consult the appropriate release documentation or contact your local Sperry Univac representative.

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The SPERRY UNIVAC Operating System/3 (OS/3) COBOL language is fully described in the OS/3 Extended COBOL supplementary reference, UP-8059 (current version).

SUMMARY NOTATION:

- Key words (that is, words that result in action by the compiler) are capitalized and underscored.
- Optional words (that is, words included for readability only) are capitalized, but not underscored.
- Brackets [] enclose words, phrases, or clauses that may be omitted if their functions are not required.
- Braces { } indicate a mandatory choice of various forms or functions.
- Ellipsis . . . indicates optional repetition of elements enclosed in the preceding pair of brackets or braces.
- Lowercase words represent generic terms that must be supplied by the user.
- Periods must be used where shown and must also appear at the end of each paragraph. Statements which do not contain periods on the reference card must be followed by a period when used at the end of a paragraph.

RULES AND SUGGESTIONS FOR EFFICIENCY:

1. Use legal abbreviations for reserved words to reduce compilation time, that is, PIC instead of PICTURE.
2. Use relational operators instead of relational clauses.
3. Avoid needless qualification and/or subscripting.
4. With ADD, SUBTRACT, IF, and MOVE:
 - use same size sending and receiving fields;
 - align decimal positions of sending and receiving fields.
5. Use indexing instead of subscripting whenever possible.

FIGURATIVE CONSTANTS:

ZERO[S] [ES]	= 0 or 0's	DISPLAY mode = code FD (EBCDIC) or 30 (ASCII) COMPUTATIONAL mode = binary 0
QUOTE[S]		code 7D (EBCDIC) or 27 (ASCII); apostrophe is the generated character
HIGH-VALUE[S]		code FF (EBCDIC) or 7F (ASCII)
LOW-VALUE[S]		code 00 (lowest value in collating sequence)
ALL literal = a sequence of any nonnumeric literal or figurative constant		
SPACE[S] = blank character(s)		code 40 (EBCDIC) or 20 (ASCII)

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. program-name.

[AUTHOR. [comment-entry.] ...]

[INSTALLATION. [comment-entry.] ...]

[DATE-WRITTEN. [comment-entry.] ...]

[DATE-COMPILED. [comment-entry.] ...]

[SECURITY. [comment-entry.] ...]

[REMARKS. [comment-entry.] ...]

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

CONFIGURATION SECTION.

SOURCE-COMPUTER. { UNIVAC-9025.
UNIVAC-9030.
UNIVAC-9040.
UNIVAC-9025 } [MEMORY SIZE integer
OBJECT-COMPUTER. { UNIVAC-9030
UNIVAC-9040 }] [CHARACTERS
MODULES
WORDS], SEGMENT-LIMIT IS priority-number].

SPECIAL-NAMES.

[CURRENCY SIGN IS literal
[: DECIMAL-POINT IS COMMA]
[: SYSCOM IS mnemonic-name-1]
[: SYSDATE IS mnemonic-name-2]
[: SYSTIME IS mnemonic-name-3]
[: SYSCONSOLE IS mnemonic-name-4]
[: SYCHAN-1 IS mnemonic-name-5]
[: SYSLST IS mnemonic-name-6]
[: SYSERR IS mnemonic-name-7] [ON STATUS IS condition-name-3 [, OFF STATUS IS condition-name-4]
[, OFF STATUS IS condition-name-4 [, ON STATUS IS condition-name-3]]
[: SYSSWCH IS mnemonic-name-8]
[: SYSSWCH IS mnemonic-name-9]
[: SYSSWCH IS mnemonic-name-10]
[: SYSSWCH IS mnemonic-name-11].

INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION

FILE-CONTROL. {SELECT [OPTIONAL] file-name

ASSIGN TO [external-name] [integer-1] implementor-name-1

[OR implementor-name-2] [FOR MULTIPLE {REEL
UNIT}]

[: RESERVE {integer-2} NO] ALTERNATE [AREA
AREAS]

[: {FILE-LIMIT IS {FILE-LIMITS ARE} } { data-name-1 } THRU { data-name-2 }]
[{ data-name-3 } THRU { data-name-4 }] ...

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION (CONT)

[; ACCESS MODE IS {EXTENDED
RANDOM
SEQUENTIAL}] ; PROCESSING MODE IS SEQUENTIAL
[; ORGANIZATION IS {INDEXED
RELATIVE
SEQUENTIAL}]
[; {ACTUAL KEY IS data-name-5 }]
[; {RELATIVE KEY IS data-name-6 }]
[; SYMBOLIC KEY IS data-name-7]
[; RECORD KEY IS data-name-8] ...

I-O-CONTROL.

[RERUN ON external-name EVERY integer-1 RECORDS OF file-name-1
[, file-name-2] ...] ...
[; SAME [RECORD
SORT] AREA FOR file-name-3 { , file-name-4 } ...] ...
[; MULTIPLE FILE TAPE CONTAINS file-name-5
(POSITION integer-2) [file-name-6 (POSITION integer-3)] ...] ...
[; APPLY VERIFY ON file-name-8 [, file-name-n] ...] ...
[; APPLY BLOCK-COUNT ON { file-name-9 [file-name-10] ... }
TAPES] ...
†[; APPLY MASTER-INDEX ON file-name-11 [, file-name-12] ...] ...
[; APPLY CYLINDER-INDEX AREA OF integer-5 INDICES ON file-name-13
, file-name-14] ...] ...
[; APPLY CYLINDER-OVERFLOW AREA OF integer-6
PERCENT ON file-name-15 [, file-name-16] ...] ...
†[; APPLY EXTENDED-INSERTION AREA ON file-name-17
, file-name-18] ...] ...
[; APPLY FILE-PREPARATION ON file-name-19 [, file-name-20] ...] ...
[; APPLY ASCII* [WITH BUFFER-OFFSET
{ FOR BLOCK-LENGTH-CHECK
OF integer CHARACTERS }] ON file-name-21 [, file-name-22] ...] ...

DATA DIVISION

DATA DIVISION.

FILE SECTION.

FD file-name

[; BLOCK CONTAINS [integer-1 TO] integer-2 { CHARACTERS
RECORDS }]
[; RECORD CONTAINS [integer-3 TO] integer-4 CHARACTERS]
; LABEL { RECORD IS
RECORDS ARE } { OMITTED
STANDARD
data-name-1 [, data-name-2] ... }
[; RECORDING MODE* IS { D
F
U
V }]

†Accepted for OS/4 and OS/7 compatibility only.

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

DATA DIVISION (CONT)

[; VALUE OF { unqualified-data-name IS { data-name-3 } } ...]
[; DATA { RECORD IS { RECORDS ARE } data-name-4 [, data-name-5] ... } .

SD file-name

[; RECORD CONTAINS [integer-1 TO] integer-2 CHARACTERS]
[; RECORDING MODE* IS { D F V }]
[; DATA { RECORD IS { RECORDS ARE } data-name-1 [, data-name-2] ... } .

DATA DESCRIPTION

Format 1:

level-number { FILLER } [; REDEFINES unqualified-data-name-2]

{ OCCURS integer-2 TIMES [{ ASCENDING } | { DESCENDING }] KEY IS data-name-2
[data-name-3] ...] ...
[INDEXED BY index-name-1 [, index-name-2] ...]
: OCCURS [integer-1 TO] integer-2 TIMES DEPENDING ON data-name-1
[{ ASCENDING } | { DESCENDING }] KEY IS data-name-2 [, data-name-3] ...] ...
[INDEXED BY index-name-1 [, index-name-2] ...] }

: { PIC } | { PICTURE } IS character-string]

: [USAGE IS] { COMP COMPUTATIONAL COMP-1* COMPUTATIONAL-1* COMP-2* COMPUTATIONAL-2* COMP-3* COMPUTATIONAL-3* COMP-4* COMPUTATIONAL-4* DISPLAY INDEX }

[; MAP* IS integer-3, CHARACTERS]

[; { SYNC } | { SYNCHRONIZED }] [LEFT] [; { JUST } | { JUSTIFIED }] RIGHT]

[; VALUE IS literal] [; BLANK WHEN ZERO]

[; { SIGN IS* } { LEADING } | { TRAILING }] SEPARATE CHARACTER]
[; { SIGN IS* } TRAILING]

Format 2:

66 unqualified-data-name-1; RENAMES data-name-2 [THRU data-name-3].

Format 3:

88 condition-name; { VALUE IS } | { VALUES ARE } literal-1 [THRU literal-2]

[literal-3 [THRU literal-4]] ...

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

DATA DIVISION (CONT)

[WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.]
[77-level-description-entry]
[record-description-entry]]
[LINKAGE SECTION*]
[level-number data-name [descriptive clauses]]...]

PROCEDURE DIVISION

PROCEDURE DIVISION. [USING * unqualified-data-name-1
[unqualified-data-name-2]...].

DECLARATIVES.

{ section-name SECTION. declarative-sentence.

{ paragraph-name. { sentence } ... } ...

END DECLARATIVES.)

{ [section-name SECTION. [priority-number].]

{ paragraph-name. { sentence } ... } ...

VERBS AND STATEMENTS (listed alphabetically)

ACCEPT identifier [FROM { mnemonic-name
DATE*
DAY*
TIME* }]

Format 1:

ADD { identifier-1 } [, identifier-2]... TO identifier-m [ROUNDED]

[, identifier-n [ROUNDED]] ...

[; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 2:

ADD { identifier-1 } , { identifier-2 } [, identifier-3] ...

GIVING identifier-n [ROUNDED] [; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 3:

ADD { CORR
CORRESPONDING } identifier-1 TO identifier-2

[ROUNDED] [; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

ALTER procedure-name-1 TO [PROCEED TO] procedure-name-2

[; procedure-name-3 TO [PROCEED TO] procedure-name-4]

CALL*entry-name [USING { file-name
identifier
procedure-name
sort-name } ...]

CLOSE file-name-1 [REEL
UNIT] [WITH { LOCK
NOREWIND }]

[, file-name-2 [REEL
UNIT] [WITH { LOCK
NOREWIND }]] ...

COMPUTE identifier-1 [ROUNDED] = { arithmetic-expression
identifier-2
literal }

[; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

PROCEDURE DIVISION (CONT)

Format 1:

COPY library-name

Format 2:

COPY library-name

[REPLACING word-1 BY { identifier-1
literal-1
word-2 } [, word-3 BY { identifier-2
literal-2
word-4 }] ...]
DISPLAY { identifier-1
literal-1 } [, identifier-2
literal-2] ... [UPON mnemonic-name]

Format 1:

DIVIDE { identifier-1
literal } INTO identifier-2 [ROUNDED]

[; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 2:

DIVIDE { identifier-1
literal-1 } INTO { identifier-2
literal-2 } GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED]
[; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 3:

DIVIDE { identifier-1
literal-1 } BY { identifier-2
literal-2 } GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED]
[; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 4:

DIVIDE { identifier-1
literal-1 } INTO { identifier-2
literal-2 } GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED]
REMAINDER identifier-4 [; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 5:

DIVIDE { identifier-1
literal-1 } BY { identifier-2
literal-2 } GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED]
REMAINDER identifier-4 [; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 1:

ENTER LINKAGE.

CALL* entry-name [USING { file-name
identifier
procedure-name
sort-name } ...]

ENTER COBOL.

Format 2:

ENTER LINKAGE.

ENTRY* entry-name [USING { unqualified-data-name { ... } } .

ENTER COBOL.

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

PROCEDURE DIVISION (CONT)

Format 3:

ENTER LINKAGE
{ EXIT PROGRAM }
{ RETURN }
ENTER COBOL

EXAMINE identifier

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{TALLYING } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ALL} \\ \text{LEADING} \\ \text{UNTIL FIRST} \end{array} \right\} \text{ literal-1 [REPLACING BY literal-2]} \\ \\ \text{REPLACING } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ALL} \\ \text{LEADING} \\ \text{[UNTIL] FIRST} \end{array} \right\} \text{ literal-3 BY literal-4} \end{array} \right\}$$

EXIT [PROGRAM]*

Format 1:

GO TO [procedure-name]

Format 2:

GO TO procedure-name-1 [, procedure-name-2] . . . , procedure-name-n

DEPENDING ON identifier

Format 3:

GO TO MORE LABELS*

IF condition: [THEN] * { NEXT SENTENCE }
statement-1

[: { ELSE } { OTHERWISE } { NEXT SENTENCE }]
statement-2

condition may be any of the following:

- Relation condition

IF { arithmetic-expression-1
identifier-1
literal-1 } { IS { [NOT] GREATER THAN
[NOT] >
[NOT] LESS THAN
[NOT] <
[NOT] EQUAL TO
[NOT] =
EQUALS
UNEQUAL
EXCEEDS } } { arithmetic-expression-2
identifier-2
literal-2 }

- Class condition

IF identifier IS [NOT] { ALPHABETIC }
{ NUMERIC }

- Condition-name condition as defined by an 88-level entry in the Data Division

IF [NOT] condition-name

Switch-status condition

IF [NOT] condition-name

- Sign condition

IF { arithmetic-expression } identifier IS [NOT] { NEGATIVE }
{ POSITIVE }
{ ZERO }

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

PROCEDURE DIVISION (CONT)

INSERT* record-name [FROM identifier-1] [; INVALID KEY imperative-statement]

Format 1:

MOVE { identifier-1 } TO identifier-2 [, identifier-3] ...

Format 2:

MOVE { CORR
CORRESPONDING } identifier-1 TO identifier-2

Format 1:

MULTIPLY { identifier-1 } BY identifier-2 [ROUNDED]
[; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 2:

MULTIPLY { identifier-1 } BY { identifier-2 } GIVING identifier-3 [ROUNDED]
[; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

NOTE character-string.

OPEN {
 I-O { file-name } ...
 INPUT { file-name [REVERSED
WITH NO REWIND] } ... }
 OUTPUT { file-name [WITH NO REWIND] } ... }

Format 1:

PERFORM procedure-name-1 [THRU procedure-name-2]

Format 2:

PERFORM procedure-name-1 [THRU procedure-name-2] { identifier-1 } TIMES
integer-1

Format 3:

PERFORM procedure-name-1 [THRU procedure-name-2] UNTIL condition-1

Format 4:

PERFORM procedure-name-1 [THRU procedure-name-2]

VARYING { identifier-1
index-name-1 } FROM { identifier-2
index-name-2 }
literal-2
BY { identifier-3 } UNTIL condition-1
literal-3

[AFTER { identifier-4
index-name-4 } FROM { identifier-5
index-name-5 }
literal-5]

BY { identifier-6 } UNTIL condition-2
literal-6

[AFTER { identifier-7
index-name-7 } FROM { identifier-8
index-name-8 }
literal-8]

BY { identifier-9 } UNTIL condition-3
literal-9]

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

PROCEDURE DIVISION (CONT)

READ file-name RECORD [INTO identifier] ; { AT END INVALID KEY }

imperative-statement

RELEASE record-name [FROM identifier]

RETURN file-name RECORD [INTO identifier] (; AT END imperative-statement)

Format 1:

REWRITE* record-name [FROM identifier]

Format 2:

REWRITE record-name [FROM identifier] (; INVALID KEY imperative-statement)

Format 1:

SEARCH identifier-1 [VARYING { identifier-2
index-name-1 }]

(; AT END imperative-statement-1)

(; WHEN condition-1 { imperative-statement-2
NEXT SENTENCE })

[(; WHEN condition-2 { imperative-statement-3
NEXT SENTENCE }) ...]

Format 2:

SEARCH ALL identifier-1 (; AT END imperative-statement-1)

(; WHEN condition-1 { imperative-statement-2
NEXT SENTENCE })

SEEK file-name RECORD

Format 1:

SET { identifier-1
index-name-1
index-data-item-1 } [, identifier-2
, index-name-2
, index-data-item-2] ... TO { identifier-3
index-name-3
index-data-item-3
literal-1 }

Format 2:

SET index-name-1 [, index-name-2] ... { DOWN BY } { UP BY } { identifier-1 } { literal-1 }

SORT file-name-1 ON { ASCENDING } { DESCENDING } KEY { data-name-1 } ...

[(; ON { ASCENDING } { DESCENDING } KEY { data-name-2 } ...) ...]

{ INPUT PROCEDURE IS section-name-1 [THRU section-name-2] }
{ USING file-name-2 }

{ OUTPUT PROCEDURE IS section-name-3 [THRU section-name-4] }
{ GIVING file-name-3 }

STOP { literal }
{ RUN }

Format 1:

SUBTRACT { identifier-1 } [, identifier-2] ...
{ literal-1 } [, literal-2] ...

FROM identifier-m [ROUNDED] [, identifier-n [ROUNDED]] ...
(; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement)

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

PROCEDURE DIVISION (CONT)

Format 2:

SUBTRACT { identifier-1 } [, identifier-2] ...
literal-1 [, literal-2] ...

FROM { identifier-m } GIVING identifier-n [ROUNDED]
literal-m [; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 3:

SUBTRACT { CORR CORRESPONDING } identifier-1 FROM identifier-2 [ROUNDED]
[; ON SIZE ERROR imperative-statement]

Format 1:

TRANSFORM* identifier-3 [, identifier-4] ... CHARACTERS

FROM { figurative-constant-1
identifier-1
nonnumeric-literal-1 } TO { figurative-constant-2
identifier-2
nonnumeric-literal-2 }

Format 2:

TRANSFORM identifier-3 [, identifier-4] ... CHARACTERS

FROM { ASCII TO EBCDIC }
EBCDIC TO ASCII }

Format 3:

TRANSFORM identifier-3 [, identifier-4] ... CHARACTERS

{ BY } identifier-5
{ ON }

Format 1:

USE { AFTER } STANDARD [BEGINNING] [ENDING] [FILE
REEL
UNIT]
file-name-1 [, file-name-2] ...
LABEL PROCEDURE ON { I-O
INPUT
OUTPUT }

Format 2:

USE AFTER STANDARD ERROR PROCEDURE ON

{ file-name-1 [, file-name-2] ... }
{ I-O
INPUT
OUTPUT }

Format 3: *

USE FOR FORM-OVERFLOW ON file-name-1

Format 1:

WRITE record-name [FROM identifier-1]

[{ AFTER
BEFORE } ADVANCING { identifier-2 LINES
integer LINES
mnemonic-name }]

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

PROCEDURE DIVISION (CONT)

Format 2:

WRITE record-name [FROM identifier-1] [;. INVALID KEY imperative-statement]

DEBUGGING AIDS

DEBUGGING AIDS

(An extension to 1968 American National Standard COBOL):

SYSLST must be specified on an LFD control card.

READY TRACE*
RESET TRACE*

EXHIBIT { CHANGED
 { CHANGED NAMED
 { NAMED } } } { identifier-1
 { nonnumeric-literal-1 } }

[{ identifier-2
 { nonnumeric-literal-2 } }] ...

where:

CHANGED

Provides a columnar display of nonnumeric literals and identifier values that have changed.

CHANGED NAMED

Provides a noncolumnar display of nonnumeric literals and identifier values that have changed.

NAMED

Provides a noncolumnar display of specified identifier values and nonnumeric literals.

Debug* Packet Control Card

1 | 8
*DEBUG location

where:

location

Is a section name or a paragraph name.

RESERVED WORDS

ACCEPT	BY
ACCESS	CALL*
ACTUAL	CARD-PUNCH*
ADD	CARD-READER*
ADVANCING	CARD-READER-51*
AFTER	CARD-READER-66*
ALL	CHARACTER*
ALPHABETIC	CHARACTERS
ALTER	CHANGED*
ALTERNATE	CLOSE
AND	COBOL
APPLY*	COMMA
ARE	COMP
AREA	COMP-1*
AREAS	COMP-2*
ASCENDING	COMP-3*
ASCII*	COMP-4*
ASSIGN	COMPUTATIONAL
AT	COMPUTATIONAL-1*
AUTHOR	COMPUTATIONAL-2*
BEFORE	COMPUTATIONAL-3*
BEGINNING	COMPUTATIONAL-4*
BLANK	COMPUTE
BLOCK	CONFIGURATION
BLOCK-COUNT*	CONTAINS
BLOCK-LENGTH-CHECK*	COPY
BUFFER-OFFSET*	CORR

RESERVED WORDS (CONT)

CORRESPONDING	JUSTIFIED
CURRENCY	KEY
CYLINDER-INDEX*	LABEL
CYLINDER-OVERFLOW*	LEADING
DATA	LEFT
DATE-COMPILED	LESS
DATE-WRITTEN	LINE
DECIMAL-POINT	LINES
DECLARATIVES	LINKAGE*
DEPENDING	LOCK
DESCENDING	LOW-VALUE
DIRECT*	LOW-VALÜES
DISC*	MAP*
DISC-8411*	MASTER-INDEX*
DISC-8414*	MEMORY
DISC-8415*	MODE
DISC-8416*	MODULES
DISC-8418*	MORE-LABELS*
DISC-8430*	MOVE
DISC-8433*	MULTIPLE
DISPLAY	NAMED*
DIVIDE	NEGATIVE
DIVISION	NEXT
DOWN	NO
EBCDIC *	NOT
ELSE	NOTE
END	NUMERIC
ENDING	OBJECT-COMPUTER
ENTER	OCCURS
ENTRY*	OF
ENVIRONMENT	OFF
EQUAL	OMITTED
EQUALS*	ON
ERROR	OPEN
EVERY	OPTIONAL
EXAMINE	OR
EXCEEDS*	ORGANIZATION*
EXHIBIT*	OTHERWISE*
EXIT	OUK-90-250*
EXTENDED	OUK-90-300*
EXTENDED-INSERTION*	OUK-90-400*
FD	OUK-90-600*
FILE	OUK-90-700*
FILE-CONTROL	OUTPUT
FILE-LIMIT	PERCENT *
FILE-LIMITS	PERFORM
FILE-PREPARATION*	PIC
FILLER	PICTURE
FIRST	POSITION
FOR	POSITIVE
FORM-OVERFLOW*	PRINTER*
FROM	PROCEDURE
GENERATE	PROCEED
GIVING	PROCESSING
GO	PROGRAM*
GREATER	PROGRAM-ID
HIGH-VALUE	QUOTE
HIGH-VALUES	QUOTES
I-O	RANDOM
I-O-CONTROL	READ
ID	READY *
IDENTIFICATION	RECORD
IF	RECORDING*
IN	RECORDS
INDEX	REDEFINES
INDEXED	REEL
INDICES*	RELATIVE*
INITIATE	RELEASE
INPUT	REMINDER
INPUT-OUTPUT	REMARKS
INSERT*	RENAMES
INSTALLATION	REPLACING
INTO	RERUN
INVALID	RESERVE
IS	RESET*
JUST	

*Extension to American National Standard COBOL (1968).

RESERVED WORDS (CONT)

RESTRICTED*	SYSERR-21*
RETURN	SYSERR-22*
REVERSED	SYSERR-23*
REWIND	SYSERR-24*
REWRITE*	SYSERR-25*
RIGHT	SYSERR-26*
ROUNDED	SYSERR-27*
RUN	SYSERR-28*
SAME	SYSERR-29*
SD	SYSERR-30*
SEARCH	SYSERR-31*
SECTION	SYSIN*
SECURITY	SYSIN-96*
SEEK	SYSIN-128*
SEGMENT-LIMIT	SYSLOG
SELECT	SYSLST *
SENTENCE	SYSSWCH*
SEPARATE	SYSSWCH-0*
SEQUENTIAL*	SYSSWCH-1*
SET	SYSSWCH-2*
SIGN	SYSSWCH-3*
SIZE	SYSSWCH-4*
SORT	SYSSWCH-5*
SOURCE-COMPUTER	SYSSWCH-6*
SPACE	SYSSWCH-7*
SPACES	SYSTIME*
SPECIAL-NAMES	TALLY
STANDARD	TALLYING
STATUS	TAPE
STOP	TAPE-6*
SUBTRACT	TAPES*
SYMBOLIC*	THAN
SYNC	THEN*
SYNCHRONIZED	THROUGH
SYSCHAN-1*	THRU
SYSCHAN-2*	TIME*
SYSCHAN-3*	TIMES
SYSCHAN-4*	TO
SYSCHAN-5*	TRACE*
SYSCHAN-6*	TRACKS*
SYSCHAN-7*	TRAILING*
SYSCHAN-8*	TRANSFORM*
SYSCHAN-9*	UNEQUAL*
SYSCHAN-10*	UNIT
SYSCHAN-11*	UNIVAC-9000*
SYSCHAN-12*	UNIVAC-9025*
SYSCHAN-13*	UNIVAC-9030*
SYSCHAN-14*	UNIVAC-9040*
SYSCHAN-15*	UNIVAC-9060*
SYSCOM*	UNIVAC-9070*
SYSCONSOLE*	UNIVAC-9200II*
SYSDATE*	UNIVAC-9300*
SYSERR*	UNIVAC-9300II*
SYSERR-0*	UNIVAC-9400*
SYSERR-1*	UNIVAC-9480*
SYSERR-2*	UNIVAC-9700*
SYSERR-3*	UNTIL
SYSERR-4*	UP
SYSERR-5*	UPON
SYSERR-6*	USAGE
SYSERR-7*	USE
SYSERR-8*	USING
SYSERR-9*	VALUE
SYSERR-10*	VALUES
SYSERR-11*	VARYING
SYSERR-12*	VERIFY*
SYSERR-13*	WHEN
SYSERR-14*	WITH
SYSERR-15*	WORDS
SYSERR-16*	WORKING-STORAGE
SYSERR-17*	WRITE
SYSERR-18*	ZERO
SYSERR-19*	ZEROES
SYSERR-20*	ZEROS

PARAM CARD OPTIONS

PARAM CARD	RESULT
// PARAM LST=A	Activates ambiguity mode of reference resolution. The definition search process is not terminated when the reference has been resolved, but is continued in an attempt to find and report duplicate definitions.
// PARAM LST=C	Produces cross-reference information for the Data Division and/or Procedure Division maps as specified. If the C option is used without the M and P options, both a Data Division and Procedure Division map listing will be produced with cross-reference information.
// PARAM LST=D	Produces Data Division alphabetized cross-reference listing.
// PARAM LST=E	Printer mismatch errors during compilation are ignored.
// PARAM LST=I	Suppress listing of lines from COPY library.
// PARAM LST=K	Suppresses source sequence number diagnostics.
// PARAM LST=L	Single-spaces all requested listings. If no listings were requested, a single-spaced diagnostic listing is produced.
// PARAM LST=M	Produces Data Division storage map listing.
// PARAM LST=N	Suppresses all output listings except the PARAM card listing.
// PARAM LST=O	Produces object code listing.
// PARAM LST=P	Produces Procedure Division storage map listing.
// PARAM LST=R	Allows quotation mark symbol in nonnumeric literal bounded by apostrophes.
// PARAM LST=S	Produces source program listing.
// PARAM LST=T	Allows apostrophe symbol in nonnumeric literal bounded by quotation marks.
// PARAM LST=W	Suppresses precautionary diagnostic listing.
// PARAM LST=X	Produces Procedure Division alphabetized cross-reference listing.
// PARAM OUT=A	Produces ASCII sensitive object program.
// PARAM OUT=C	Conversion mode.
// PARAM OUT=E	Inhibits display of ISAM file status on console.
// PARAM OUT=K	All data items described as USAGE IS COMP or COMPUTATIONAL are treated as packed decimal (COMP-3 or COMPUTATIONAL-3).
// PARAM OUT=L	Suppresses generation of linker control information in the object module.
// PARAM OUT=M	Produces shared-code COBOL action program to be executed under the control of information management system (IMS/90).
// PARAM OUT=N	Suppresses object program module generation.
// PARAM OUT=P	Disregards mismatched errors for all object program print files.
// PARAM OUT=R	Quote as figurative constant is generated as quotation marks; by default, quote is apostrophe.
// PARAM OUT=S	Disable object program SORT PARAM card processing.
// PARAM OUT=T	Suppresses compiler generation of a transfer address for the object program. The program cannot be executed unless it is called.
// PARAM OUT=V	Suppresses automatic page overflow in the object program.
// PARAM IN= program-name/ filename	Identifies the file containing source program input.
// PARAM LIN= filename	Identifies the file containing the COPY library.
// PARAM VER=vv/rr	Applies version and revision number to compiler output module.
// PARAM OBJ= filename	Identifies the file where the generated object mode is to be placed.

NOTE:

In the absence of PARAM cards, the compiler will produce a source program listing, a diagnostic report, an object program, assume jobstream input, and produce a version number of 00/00 for the object program.

