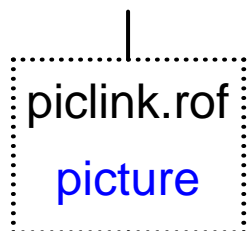




The making of this demo

piclink.tmac



present.tmac

groff -p -mm -mpresent [piclink.tmac](#) piclink.rof > piclink.pps

Clicking on a blue rectangle will take you to the linked page.

Note: The piclink macros are not loaded with a -m option. That is because they need to be processed by gpics to define the PIC macro.



PIC source

```
.PS
linethick=1.5i
arrowwid=0.08
boxwid=1.2i
ellipsewid=1.2i
down
PL: box "\m[blue]piclink.tmac\m[]" invis width 1.5i
    move down 0.25i
X:  [
IN: box "piclink.rof" invis
PIC:box "\m[blue]picture\m[]" invis with .n at IN.s width 0.8i height 0.3i
    move down 0.1i
    ]
    line dotted from X.nw to X.ne to X.se to X.sw to X.nw
MA: box "present.tmac" invis width 1.5i at X.IN + (2i,0)
    arrow down from X.s
GR: box "groff"
    arrow down
    move down 0.1i
    box "." "." "." invis
    arrow from MA.sw to GR.ne + (-0.3i,0)
    line from PL.s to X.n
LINK(L1,X.PIC)
LINK(L2,PL)
    move to (GR.x + 1.3i, GR.y)
    "groff -p -mm -mpresent \m[blue]piclink.tmac\m[] piclink.rof > piclink.pps
.PE
```



PIC LINK macros

The PIC macro

`LINK(name,object)`

makes a link from `object` to the destination `name` defined somewhere with the macro `DESTINATION`.

`object` must be an indication of a box, circle, or ellipse, but the link itself will always be a rectangle.